MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1770.

WARSAW, *October* 21.

THE Turkiſh Forces, ſince their Retreat from Choczim, have repaſſed the Danube, with many Curſes, both againſt the new Grand Viſir and the Sultan, for ſending them out on ſo unſucceſsful an Expedition; and ſince that, are divided into Two Bodies, between which, ſo great an Enmity prevails, that they are making War upon each other. The Number of Confederates ſabred by them, on their Retreat from Choczim, is ſaid to amount to 600 Men.

Oct. 25. The following Letter, written by General Koritowſki, and dated at Kaminieck, in Podolia, the 23d Ult. is handed about here.

"I returned only To-day from Choczim, where I have ſeen and examined every Thing, even the Turks Intrenchments. They are ſtill buſy in dragging the Nieſter for the dead Bodies. The Day before Yeſterday the Huſſars, under the Command of Lieutenant Colonel Gendre, defeated a Corps of the Enemy, conſiſting of about 2000 Men, who were going to forage upon the Banks of that River; 500 were killed, and among 400 others taken Priſoners, there are Two Colonels, and a Mooriſh Aga, their Chief. The Huſſars alſo took 18 Standards, which the Priſoners are ſilent about, but I find they are very well pleaſed with the Treatment they have met with. The Reſt of this Party were put to Flight, and have retired beyond the Nieſter. The preſent Situation of Choczim may eaſily be conceived. The Houſes are without covering, Windows, or Doors; an intolerable Stench prevails, and heaps of Ordure turn the Stomach on every Side. There are no Inhabitants in the Place, except the Ruſſians, who compoſe the Garriſon, conſiſting of Four Regiments, under Colonel Weiſſman, Commandant of the Fortreſs."

A Courier diſpatched on the 10th of this Month by General Count Romanzow to Prince Wolkonſki, Ambaſſador from the Empreſs of Ruſſia, arrived Yeſterday at the Hotel of his Excellency, and brought him the following Letter from the Commander in Chief.

"I have juſt now received, from General Elmpt, who was in Purſuit of the Turks to Moldavia, an Account, that as ſoon as he approached Jaſſy, the Enemies quickly retired, the Turks towards Iſlaczia, and the Tartars towards Kemzany; that the General did not only ſubdue the City of Jaſſy, but likewiſe all Moldavia, and all the Inhabitants of that Principality willingly took the Oaths of Fidelity to the Empreſs. A Magazine of the Enemy's has fallen into our Hands. General Elmpt, on his Entrance into Jaſſy, found about 100 Men, Turks and Confederates, who had the Fool Hardineſs to reſiſt him, but they were all either cut to Pieces, or made Priſoners. After the General had regulated every Thing concerning the Adminiſtration of Juſtice in that new Country, and properly ſettled all Matters relative to the Magazines, he left in the Place Part of the Ruſſian Light Horſe, under the Command of Prince Proſorowſki, in order to preſerve it from the Attempts of the Enemy, and has detached ſome Parties of his Light Troops to purſue the Runaways."

LONDON,

Nov. 9. A Regiment will be raiſed next Spring, which is to be called the Prince of Wales's Regiment, in Honour of his Royal Highneſs.

It is aſſerted that Advices of a very intereſting and alarming Nature, with Reſpect to the Colonies, have lately been tranſmitted from North-America.

By Accounts from America we learn, that ſome Officers of the Cuſtoms at Boſton, have been inſulted in the Streets by the Mob, who treated them with great Severity, and obliged them to fly for Shelter to the Head Quarters of the Commanding Officer in that Town.

We are well informed that the Subſidy of 676,000 l. due to the King of Pruſſia at the Cloſe of the late War, has never yet been paid, notwithſtanding what was ſaid at that Time, in public, on a certain Occaſion, about "the Support and Honour of the Crown."

The Ruſſians are now in Poſſeſſion of the Capital of Moldavia, and when the laſt Accounts came away, were laying Siege to Bender with 20,000 Men, which is the laſt Fortreſs but one, until they arrive at Conſtantinople.

The Damages laid in the Cauſe between Lord Halifax and the popular Patriot, are 20,000 l.

It is ſaid a certain Miniſter has declared, that it is a Matter of Indifference to him whether there is a new general Election or not; that he ſhould not previouſly intereſt himſelf in the Succeſs of it, as he has found, by Experience, that it is much cheaper, and eaſier, to ſeduce after, than to bribe beforehand.

Many Perſons are under Apprehenſions for the greateſt Part of the Ruſſian Fleet, as if by the late Winds they have been blown into the Bay of Biſcay, they may run the greateſt Hazard of being aſhore on the French Coaſt.

We hear that the Emperor of Germany, and his Brother, the Grand Duke of Tuſcany, are ſhortly expected in England, and that they will take up their Reſidence at Norfolk Houſe, in St. James's Square, during their Continuance in this Kingdom.

This Day a Council is ſummoned to meet at St. James's, when, among other Proceedings, a Time is expected to be fixed for the farther Prorogation of the Parliament, and their Meeting for the Diſpatch of Buſineſs.

Letters from Paris adviſe, that a general Muſter is taking of the whole Military belonging to the Crown of France.

Nov. 11. The following is a ſhort Account of the Proceedings between Mr. Wilkes and the Earl of Halifax, previous to the Trial which came on Yeſterday.

Wilkes, Eſq; againſt the Earl of Halifax and the Three Meſſengers, who executed the General Warrant; Original was ſued out, June 1, and returnable June 19, 1763; and the Earl, being ſummoned, caſt an Eſſoin, which was adjourned until November 18. Then comes in Privilege, which being at an End, and all the Eſſoins expired, a Diſtringas was taken out, teſted November 9, 1764, returnable May 27. The Sheriff returns 40s. Iſſues. The Earl does not appear. The Court directs 50l. Iſſues. An alias Diſtringas is taken out, teſted May 30, and returnable June 18. The Sheriff returns his Iſſues. The Earl does not appear. The Court orders 500l. Iſſues. A pluries Diſtringas is taken out, teſted June 22, and returnable July 8. In November, 1764, Mr. Wilkes was outlawed, and here the Affair dropped; but the Outlawry being reverſed on the 8th of June, 1768, the Court of Common Pleas was moved on the 20th of that Month, that Mr. Wilkes might have Leave to revive his Cauſe, which was accordingly granted ſoon after.

Yeſterday Morning, about Ten o'Clock, came on in the Court of Common Pleas, before Lord Chief Juſtice Wilmot, the long expected and remarkable Trial, between Lord Halifax and John Wilkes, Eſq; in Regard to the Seizure of the Perſon and Papers of the latter, by the former. Serjeant Glynn, Counſel for the Plaintiff, opened the Cauſe, and in a very elegant and ſpirited Manner, explained the unconſtitutional Nature of the Injury. He ſaid, "that of "all illegal Outrages this was one that required the "moſt Redreſs, as on its Eſtabliſhment the Peace, the "Liberty, the Freedom of Engliſhmen depended." He obſerved, "that though the Caſe in Point may be "thought only to relate to Mr. Wilkes, yet, as a "Breach of Liberty, it reſpected the Conſtitution in "general, and ſhould be conſidered as ſuch, by every "one who was not dead to the Welfare and Happineſs "of his Country." He was anſwered by Serjeant Whitaker in the Courſe of the Trial, who endeavoured to prove, that what the Defendant did, was not of that unconſtitutional Nature, as he acted merely *officially*. This he authoriſed by ſeveral Precedents, which were moſtly obſolete and anti-revolutional. He then applied to the Defendant's Behaviour to Mr. Wilkes after his being brought before him, deducing from thence, that he did not in the leaſt act from any particular Pique or Reſentment, but from the Nature of his Office, which by the Force of Preſumption, authorized and demanded his acting in that Manner. Lord Temple attended during the whole Trial, and was examined; but though the Secretaries of State came, in Compliance to a Summons ſerved on them for that Purpoſe, ſtill their Attendance was diſpenced with, from their urging, that they were obliged to attend his Majeſty in Council about one o'Clock, after being aſked by Serjeant Glynn, whether they had in their Poſſeſſion the original Warrant by which Mr. Wilkes was apprehended? Counſel for the Plaintiff, Serjeant Glynn, Serjeant Leigh, and Mr. Lee; for the Defendant, Serjeant Whitaker, Serjeant Davy, Serjeant Nares, and Mr. Wallis.

The following is a correct Liſt of the Names of the Jury who ſerved on the above Trial, and who, after the moſt excellent Charge, given by the juſt and impartial Lord Chief Juſtice, "to give liberal, but not exceſſive" Damages, and who, after the Treaſury Minute Book was produced, from whence the Extract underneath is copied, found a Verdict for the Plaintiff, with 4000 l. Damages; indeed ſo little to the Satisfaction of the Multitude preſent, that the Jury were obliged to make their Retreat the Back Way, to eſcape the Reſentment and Indignation of the Populace, with ſcarce Time to take their Fees, and without being invited to the accuſtomed Refreſhment or Dinner.

George Colſon Smith, Eſq; of Poplar. Edward Buckley Batſon, Eſq; of Hatton Garden. David Walker, Eſq; of Kenſington. Edward Buckley, Eſq; of Eſſex-Street. Nicholas Marriſall, Eſq; of East-Street. Robert Cary, Eſq; of Hampſtead. Robert Hucks, Eſq; of Great Ruſſel-Street. Joſiah Holford, Eſq; of Southampton-Row. John Gould, of Hart-Street. Samuel Hartley, Eſq; of Lincoln's-Inn-Fields. Haneage Robinſon, Eſq; of Church-Street, Hackney.

The following was added as Tales, according to the Statute, &c.

Robert Gibſon, of Red-Lion-Street, Clerkenwell, Coal Merchant.

It was obſerved, that out of the 48 Freeholders firſt ſtruck on this Jury, 17 of them were Voters for Sir William Beauchamp Proctor, and that though Two Baronets were ſummoned to ſerve on ſaid Jury, neither of them appeared to try this great Public as well as private Cauſe; which, with other Defaulters, occaſioned the Taleſman de circumſtandibus to be empannelled and ſworn.

Copy from the Treaſury Minute Book, produced on the ſaid Trial. Whitehall Treaſury-Chamber, May 31, 1765.

Preſent, Mr. Grenville, Lord North, Mr. Hunter, Mr. Harris.

"Mr. Chancellor of the Exchequer ſignifies to my Lords his Majeſty's Pleaſure, that all Expences of Actions brought againſt the Earl of Halifax, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, the Under Secretaries and Meſſengers, and the Solicitor of this Office, for Proceedings had by them in executing the Buſineſs of their reſpective Offices againſt the Publiſhers of ſeveral ſcandalous and ſeditious Libels, ſhould be defrayed by the Crown; and that a ſufficient Sum of Money ſhould be, from Time to Time, iſſued to the Solicitor of the Treaſury for that Purpoſe.

"Read a Paper received from Mr. Webb, ſtating what the Expences are likely to be, and that a farther Sum of 3000 l. may probably be wanted for diſcharging the ſame.

"Iſſue to Mr. Webb, from Time to Time, as the ſaid Services may require, a Sum not exceeding 3000 l. directing him to apply the ſame according to his Majeſty's Commands, to diſcharge the ſeveral Expences above mentioned."

It is worthy of Notice, that for the farther Security of the ſaid Earl, he obtained, previous to his going out of Office in 1765, a Privy Seal, that is, a Warrant ſealed by the Lord Privy Seal (who at that Time was the Duke of Marlborough) for an Indemnification of whatever Damages Mr. Wilkes might recover of his Lordſhip, in the Action that was then commenced.

On the Examination of Mr. Blackmore (one of his Majeſty's Meſſengers) on Behalf of Mr. Wilkes, in Regard to the Seizure of his Papers, he honeſtly confeſſed that, upon Mr. Wilkes's refuſing him the Key of his Bureau, he, agreeable to his Orders, picked the Lock, and ſwept away every Paper he found.

One of the Ruſſian Men of War has received ſo much Damage, and was ſo terribly ſhattered in the Bay of Biſcay, from the late blowing Weather, that ſhe is returned to Portſmouth to be refitted.

Vice Admiral Elphinſton, with Five Ruſſian Men of War, is at preſent in the Baltic, and only waits for a fair Wind. The Squadron under his Command is not to go North about, as was conjectured, but will touch at Spithead, in their Way to the Bay of Gibraltar.

Advices from every Part of the Continent, confirm the Report of an Inſurrection of the People having happened at Conſtantinople, who flock in great Crowds to the Seraglio, demanding the Names of thoſe who firſt adviſed and promoted the War. The Janiſſaries are at preſent Neuter, but how long they will continue ſo is uncertain; on which Side ſoever they may declare, the Conſequences muſt be dreadful.

This Morning the Lottery Wheels were carried under a Guard from Whitehall to Guildhall, as the Lottery is to begin drawing next Monday.

It was reported Yeſterday, that Letters were received from Paris, giving an Account that the French Ambaſſador is taken into Cuſtody in that City, and cloſely confined.

Yeſterday the Right Honourable the Earl of Harcourt ſet out again, on his Embaſſy to the Court of France.

It is ſaid that the Earl of Morton will be choſen one of the Sixteen Peers to repreſent Scotland, in the Room of the late Earl of Eglington; others ſay, that the Earl of Buchan will have that Honour.

By the laſt Advices from Bagdad it appears, that upwards of 4000 Houſes have been thrown down there, during the late Earthquake, and that not a Building is left in the Town which is not greatly ſhattered. The Number of Perſons killed is not yet known.

We learn, that Kerim Kan is now on his March towards Bagdad, at the Head of the moſt formidable Army ever raiſed in the Perſian Dominions.

Nov. 14. This Day both Houſes of Parliament met at Weſtminſter, purſuant to their laſt Prorogation, and were farther prorogued to Tueſday, the 9th of January, then to meet for the Diſpatch of Buſineſs.

We learn, that Diſpatches are preparing for the Court of Madrid, ſuppoſed reſpecting the Five Officers detained there from Commodore Spry's Ship.

A ſhort Time ſince, ſome Perſons (Tories) were put into the Commiſſion of the Peace for Leiceſterſhire, without the Approbation, or even Knowledge, of his Grace the Duke of Rutland, Lord Lieutenant of the County, who reſented this ill Treatment, by an immediate Requeſt to reſign. The Miniſtry offered to make Humiliation; but his Grace, with a becoming Spirit, declared, that the Affront being public, the Reparation muſt be ſo likewiſe. In the mean Time the Commiſſion goes on, and the Duke perſiſts in his Reſignation. It is believed that his noble Son, the Marquis of Granby, will follow the laudable Example of his Grace, and diſdain to ſupport a deſpotic Adminiſtration, who could thus inſult his venerable Father, and againſt whoſe Malice, neither Rank, Age, or a long Series of Services, and a faithful Attachment to the preſent Family on the Throne, can plead any Exemption.

It is ſaid that if the Marquis of Granby reſigns, General Conway will ſucceed him in the Ordinance Office, and the Earl of Albemarle in the Army.

Many Overtures have been made to a noble Duke for a Reconciliation, but hitherto they have proved ineffectual.

A certain great Prince hath more than once declared, that he ſhould not conſider himſelf worthy of the Name of Prince, if he ever forgave Mr. Wilkes.

We are informed, by a Gentleman who is very curious, as well as accurate in his Obſervations, that within Two Years the patriotic Priſoner has received, in Preſents, to the Value of 6700l. abſtracted from Eatables and Drinkables, which may be moderately computed at 300 l. more; which makes in all the Sum of 7000 l. This, together with 1200 l. per Annum, allowed him by the Supporters of the Bill of Rights, affixes his annual Income at 4100 l.

An Expreſs is ſaid juſt to have been received from Jamaica, concerning the uncommon warlike Preparations of the French and Spaniards in the Weſt-Indies.

Orders are ſent to Dublin and Cork for 2000 Tons of Iriſh Proviſions, to be ſhipped for the Uſe of his Majeſty's Garriſons in the Weſt-Indies.

We are aſſured that the Premier has been ſeverely repremanded, by a great Perſonage, for many inſolent Expreſſions made Uſe of reſpecting the petitioning Freeholders.

From the beſt Authority we learn, that private Negociations are already making by the unpopular Party to be re-elected, if a certain Aſſembly ſhould be diſſolved.

A Letter from Jerſey mentions the Arrival of the Troops which had embarked at Portſmouth, and that the Tranquillity of the Iſland was re-eſtabliſhed.

It is currently reported, that a Fleet of Obſervation will ſoon be appointed to cruize in the Gulf of Mexico.

ANNAPOLIS, FEBRUARY 15.

Extract of a Letter from London *to a Gentleman in* Maryland, *dated* October 14, 1769.

"The Veſſel this goes by is full of Goods, *J. B.* and his Son, ſay the Orders were ſent before the Reſolutions were entered into; *how* they *will be received by the Parties, drawing up* and *ſigning the Reſolutions*, Time will ſhew; there has been, and ſtill are, large Supplies of all Sorts of Goods going to *Virginia*; a Ship of 300 Tons, full loaded for that Colony, ſails this Day. The Parliament will not meet 'til the Middle of *January*, when the Merchants have reſolved to preſent a Petition, to obtain, if poſſible, a Repeal of thoſe baſe and unconſtitutional Duty Acts. This I aſſure you, that no Pains or Expence, ſhall be grudged by me to accompliſh ſo juſt and deſirable a Purpoſe.

TO THE PRINTERS.

Annapolis, February 14, 1770.

IN your laſt Paper, you mentioned that the Committees, from *Anne-Arundel*, *Baltimore*, and *Prince-George*'s Counties here, were deliberating on the Propriety of the Shipping and Importing of Goods by the Brig *Good Intent*, *William Errington*, from *London*, but could not then give any Account of the Event: You may now acquaint the Public,

That a great Variety of Papers being laid before the Committee, and ſeveral of thoſe who intereſted themſelves being examined, it was fully and ſatisfactorily proved, that though the Gentlemen to whom the Cargoes were *conſigned*, had given their Orders for the Goods before any Aſſociation in this Province; yet, that Mr. *John Buchanan*, as ſoon as he heard of the Aſſociation taking Place here, had reſolved and determined not to ſhip any of the Goods, and eſteemed and looked upon thoſe Orders as dead: That he therefore omitted to ſend Meſſieurs *Dick* and *Stewart*, and *Magruder* and *Hepburn*, their Cargoes by the *Induſtry*, Captain *Greig*, which Veſſel came to *Annapolis* and *Patuxent*, and by which Opportunity he ſent a ſmall Cargo to Mr. *Judſon Cooledge*, under the Mark C B, and might have well ſent thoſe Goods, which would have been conſiſtent *in Point of Time, and correſpondent to his Promiſe*, as ſuggeſted in his Letters that were tranſmitted with the Spring Cargoes.

That as to Mr. *William M'Gachen*'s *unexecuted* Orders, they were *countermanded* by his Letter of the 10th of *June* laſt, which Letter was received by Mr. *Buchanan*, a long Time before the Purchaſe or Shipping of the Goods. That as to Meſſieurs *Ridgely* and *Goodwin*, they, by their Letter to Mr. *James Dick*, Attorney for Mr. *Buchanan*, *rejected* the Goods conſigned to them, *as coming in contrary to their Orders*. That as to Mr. *Archibald Buchanan*, and Meſſieurs *Buchanan* and *Cowen*, and *Lyon* and *Walker*, it was fully in Proof, that Mr. *John Buchanan* had *poſitively refuſed* to ſend thoſe Goods *according to the Orders given*; and in his Letter of the 17th *July* laſt, to *Judſon Coolidge*, he plainly declared againſt the Scheme of a Store at *Nottingham* 'til his Son's Arrival, which Store had been recommended by Mr. *Cooledge*, by Letter, *before the Aſſociation*. That directly after, Meſſieurs *Samuel Buchanan* and *John Read Magruder*, their Arrival at *London*, the 14th or 15th *September* laſt, it appeared by the Shop-Notes, Entries outwards, and other Papers; that Mr. *Buchanan* ſet about buying up the Goods, *under Colour of thoſe Orders*, none of which could *be executed* in the eſſential Circumſtance of *Time*, nor could, with any Degree of Candour, be conſtrued Orders within the Aſſociation, which muſt reſpect *ſubſiſting Orders only*, and ſuch as would be executed without the Intervention of any *new* Circumſtance to invigorate them: And it was plain, from the repeated Acknowledgments of the Gentlemen who intereſted themſelves, that the Arrival of this Brig, with Goods for them, was an unexpected Event."

It was therefore reſolved, *Nemine Contradicente*.

The Queſtion being ſeverally put, on each Cargo of Goods imported, that the ſame was *ſhipped* and *imported contrary* to the General Aſſociation of this Province.

As to the Articles allowed to be imported, they being *blended and packed up* with the *prohibited* Articles, *the Landing* and *Storing* of which being expreſsly contradictory to the *very Words* of the Aſſociation, and therefore not practicable upon any fair Conſtruction of it; and the ſaid Committee being fully convinced, by a Multitude of Proofs and concurring Circumſtances, of the *ungenerous Principle*, which apparently actuated Mr. *Buchanan*, in trumping up old Orders, to colour *a premeditated Deſign* to ſubvert the Aſſociation.

Reſolved, That it was the Opinion of the Committee thoſe Goods ought not to be landed.

It was obvious to the Committee, that unleſs *ſubſiſting Orders only* were meant by the Aſſociation, every Merchant in *London*, trading to this Province, might ſend in any Quantities of Goods he pleaſed, under Orders that he muſt in Courſe of Buſineſs have refuſed to comply with: And the Committee, with the deepeſt Concern, viewed this Attempt to ſhip Goods from *London* againſt the avowed Spirit of the Aſſociation, immediately upon the Arrival of Meſſieurs *Samuel Buchanan* and *John Read Magruder*, who therefore, and from their Characters and Connexions, muſt have been ſuppoſed to entertain true Ideas of the Aſſociation; and at the critical Time, when the Minds of Men there, muſt have been in Suſpence, as to the Effect of *American* Aſſociations, as a very dangerous Attack on the prudent, neceſſary, and conſtitutional Reſolutions, to preſerve the Rights and Liberties of *America*.

The Opinion of the Committee, delivered by Doctor *John Stevenſon*, Moderator, to the Gentlemen intereſted, was as follows:

"GENTLEMEN,

"IT is the Opinion of this Committee, that the Goods ſhipt by Mr. *John Buchanan*, and conſigned to you, are ſhipt and imported contrary to the General Aſſociation of this Province: And it is the Opinion of this Committee, that thoſe Goods ought not to be landed. I am to requeſt you, in the Name of this Committee, that you would order thoſe Goods immediately back to *London*: And I am deſired to remind you of your promiſed Acquieſcence, in the Determination of this Committee, upon the Propriety of the Importation of the ſaid Goods."

At the Requeſt of the Gentlemen who intereſted themſelves, Leave was granted them for an Hour, for a Conſultation: They afterwards returned, and handed to the Moderator, the following written Anſwer, addreſſed to the Committee.

ANNAPOLIS, *February* 8, 1770.

"GENTLEMEN,

"ON a moſt careful and attentive Peruſal of your Opinion on the Importation of Goods, by the Brigantine *Good Intent*, Captain *William Errington*, and your Determination thereon delivered to us this Afternoon, *we muſt own ourſelves at a Loſs to conceive on what Principles ſuch a* general Determination is founded; and, *though we had declared to abide by your Determination* on the Matter, yet we did not doubt but that your Reaſons would have been given for ſuch your Opinion: We expected, nor did any of us deſire any Thing elſe, but a *ſtrict and free* Enquiry into this Importation, agreeable to *the Letter and Spirit* of the Aſſociation entered into the 22d *June* laſt; *and had your Determination been ſuch, there is none of us but would have abided thereby*; but you will excuſe us, Gentlemen, from obſerving to you, that we *cannot conceive it in that Light*; and, as not only the Diſpoſal of a conſiderable Part of OUR PROPERTY, but even our *Character*, in ſome Meaſure depends on your Determination, we hope you will *furniſh us with your Reaſons for what you have done*: You ſay that the Goods conſigned to us, are ſhipt contrary to the general Aſſociation of this Province, and that it is your Opinion, that ſaid Goods ought not to be landed. We ſhall not, *at preſent*, enter into any Diſcuſſion about the Goods on board, prohibited by the Aſſociation, but from the Papers laid before you, you muſt be ſenſible that by far the greateſt Part of thoſe Goods, are expreſsly within, not only the Letter, but the *trueſt* Spirit of that Agreement: How you reconcile that Part of your Determination, that theſe Goods *ſhould* not be landed, we muſt own we are at a Loſs to conceive; we may be miſtaken as to your Meaning in that Point, and we ſhould be glad to have it cleared up. Tho' conſcious to ourſelves, that all the Goods on board belonging to us, were ordered *within the Letter of the Aſſociation*, yet we ſhould have, moſt cheerfully acquieſced in *ſtaving thoſe Articles that are prohibited*, and we wou'd have entered into Engagements, *to bind ourſelves from diſpoſing of them*, until a determined Time after the Aſſociation is diſſolved, *and we are even ready to comply with your preſent Determination*, on *your giving us Anſwers to this, and the enclos'd Queries*, with Reſpect to the putting your Deſire in Execution. We therefore hope you will re-conſider the Matter, and are reſpectfully,

GENTLEMEN,

Your moſt obedient, humble Servants

JAMES DICK & STEWART,
WILLIAM LYON,
JUDSON COOLEDGE,
ARCHIBALD BUCHANAN,
for Self and COWEN,
WILLIAM M'GACHEN,
MAGRUDER & HEPBURN."

THE QUERIES.

"WHO is to pay the Freight, Inſurance, and other Charges attending the ſending back the Goods?

"In what *Veſſel are they to be ſent back*, the *Good Intent*, Capt. *Errington*, being engaged by Agreement with Mr. *Thomas Farrer* to load with Wheat *for Cork*, upon doing which, the Brig enters into his Pay?

"There are alſo Two Cargoes, or more, on board the Brig, ſhipt by other Perſons than *John Buchanan*.

"Is the Brig to keep thoſe Goods on board, or what is to be done with them?

"In what Manner is the Attorney of *John Buchanan* to be indemnified, on taking upon himſelf the Conduct and Management of the ſending back all the Goods, provided all the others concerned ſhould refuſe to trouble themſelves, or take any Charge of the Goods, which is found to be really the Caſe, *ſeveral having* refuſed, *particularly Meſſrs. Ridgely and Goodwin, to be by any concerned with them?* Is Mr. *Buchanan*'s Attorney to run the Riſk of his whole Fortune without any Indemnification?

"It muſt be obſerved, that no partial Entry can be made of the Goods on board the *Good Intent*, the Cuſtom-Houſe will not receive ſuch, but that an Entry of the whole muſt be made; and that many of the Goods cannot be returned to *England*, without ſubjecting the Ship and all on board to Confiſcation, of which you may be ſatisfied by Application to the Collector.

JAMES DICK, *Attorney for* John Buchanan."

After Peruſal of the ſaid Letter and Queries, the Gentlemen were called in, and Mr. Moderator addreſſed them as follows:

"GENTLEMEN,

"WE deliberated upon the ſubject Matter that was before us, with ſo much Caution and Attention, that no *Re-conſideration* can ſhake or alter *the Opinion already ſignified to you*: As for the *Reaſons and Grounds* of that Opinion, which you *call upon us for*, we ſhall give them in the *Maryland* Gazette; and you will be pleaſed to take this as our final Anſwer."

The Gentlemen intereſted retired, and ſhortly afterwards Mr. *Anthony Stewart* returned with another Letter, addreſſed to the Committee, which was given back unopened, to preclude at once all Evaſion, Altercation, or Trifling.—The next Day Capt. *Errington* received the following Letter.

"SIR, ANNAPOLIS, 10*th February*, 1770.

"WE Yeſterday told you verbally, that you was to return to *London* with ſeveral Cargoes of Goods, that had been ſhipt from thence by Mr. *John Buchanan*, and therefore deſired you to lay in Proviſions, Water, and every Thing neceſſary for the Voyage, and to have your Veſſel properly fitted with the utmoſt Expedition, that you might be ready to proceed, Wind and Weather ſerving, on a Day's Notice.

"We think it proper to put this in Writing, and hereby to confirm the above verbal Order, which you will pay due Regard to, and are,

Your moſt humble Servants,

To Capt. William Errington. JAMES DICK & STEWART."

A

PAMPHLET

Will be PUBLISHED,

CONTAINING the PROCEEDINGS of the COMMITTEE.

We are perſuaded this Inſtance of Spirit and Reſolution, will ſhew the determined Senſe of this Province, to adhere ſtrictly to the Aſſociation, and we hope, will be imitated by the Friends of Liberty throughout the Continent.——

TO THE PRINTERS.

AS I am perſuaded that nothing could eſcape you which could conduce to the good of the Public, I make no doubt but you will, in your Paper, inſert the following Remarks:

I think upon my Honour, that there cannot befal a greater Evil in the Community, than this, namely, The little Pains taken, in general, by the Inhabitants of this Province, with reſpect to the Education of Youth: This Neglect, to give it no harder Term, I have often, in public Company, directly cenſured. It has been objected to me, that in this Part of the World it were almoſt impoſſible to find Perſons properly qualified for the Employment of keeping a School: It gives me Pain to ſay, by the Obſervations which have been made, that there is little or no Weight in this Objection, for I have known ſeveral Perſons of unexceptionable Characters, who have been not only acquainted with the antient Languages, but alſo pretty converſant in almoſt every Branch of polite Literature, addreſs themſelves to Gentlemen of this Province, both for public and private Schools. Indeed I know of no Reaſon why they did not meet with a ſuitable Encouragement, except this, that they appeared in their Deportment, to beſpeak their Knowledge of the different Modes of Mankind, as well as that of Books. I would not inſinuate but there are, at this Time and Place, ſeveral Gentlemen, as Tutors, of diſtinguiſhed Abilities, and who are, in every Reſpect, equal to the laborious Taſk they undertake, both in faſhioning the tender Minds, and enlarging the Ideas of their Pupils: But thus much I will venture to aſſert, that the greater Part of thoſe nominal GRAMMARIANS, LOGICIANS, RHETORICIANS, and GEOMETRICIANS, which infeſt this *Province*, know (if I may be allowed a remote Compariſon) juſt as much of the different *Idioms* of the Languages they pretend to teach, as the *Kyhar Aga* of the *grand Signior's Seraglio*, does of the *Welſh Dialect*. There is now before me an Original Letter from a certain profeſſed *Grammarian* and Tutor, to his Brother in *Learning*, and which I ſhall beg Leave to tranſcribe, as ſuch a Mixture of the *ſaft* and *ſublime* muſt be very entertaining to the Curious.

"*My dear Wellwiſher*,

"I ſhall ſo ſoon as poſſible gratify you with my Company; I was for a great while determined not to go to ——— without I was ſent for, by him, for you know my *Spiritus*; but being rejoiced that you healed up the Breach, *Mi amici non poſſum ſed agere tibi gratias*. When we meet we will look over again our old Friends *Virgil* and *Horace*. No more at preſent, being in haſte, from your Friend and Well-wiſher, *Durum vita*. ———

"I could enumerate ſeveral Species of this *ſublime Elegance* which is retailed in the Seminaries of Learning in this Province; but I preſume this will be ſufficient. I beg to be conſidered by theſe learned Body of *Gentlemen*, that I am ſenſible great Allowances ought to be made for the Imperfections of human Nature, and that there is a moral Impoſſibility for one Man to attain an to univerſal Knowledge of *Languages*, Arts and Sciences: But I muſt inſiſt on this, that unleſs a Schoolmaſter be well acquainted with his *native Language*, he can be by no Means capable of teaching to Children a foreign one. I know of ſome Tutors who purſue the Method recommended by Mr. *Addiſon*, in permitting the *Youth* under their Care to correſpond occaſionally with each other, in order that they ſhould acquire an

eaſy familiar Style in Writing. This is moſt undoubtedly abſolutely requiſite. I hope theſe Gentlemen are capable of Writing with Eaſe and Elegance themſelves, otherwiſe the Scholars will run a great Riſk of ever being perfected in that Art: For an Habitude of expreſſing themſelves inelegant, is not, in their riper Years eaſily removed. There is a melancholy Circumſtance attending Mankind in general, which is this, That all appear deſirous to reach the Summit of Fame without taking the neceſſary Steps. To juſtify this my Aſſertion, I need but appeal to the candid and judicious who will think with me, that there be many who come bleak from our Colleges patched with the Title of *Artium Baccalaureus*, and who, being Men incapable of explaining a ſingle Propoſition in *Euclid*, addreſs themſelves for Reputation.

Meſſieurs *Virgil*, *Horace* and *Juvenal*, I feel much for you—You certainly muſt "*tremble in your Tombs.*"

I have ſpun this Letter to a greater Length than I at firſt intended. When I can be diſpenſed from the neceſſary Avocations of Buſineſs, I ſhall ſend you ſome other Remarks reſpecting the Education of Youth, in the mean Time, I am, &c.

PHILOMATHES.

ALL Perſons having Claims againſt the Eſtate of the late *William Cumming*, Eſq; deceaſed, are requeſted to meet the Subſcriber the Heir at Law, by the Tenth Day of *March* next, and lay in their Claims atteſted, that ſome agreeable Ways may be taken to adjuſt the Debts, having a Deed from my Brother *William Cumming*, fully atteſted for that Purpoſe. As the ſeveral Sheriffs never made any return of Fees, agreeable to an Act of Aſſembly, it's deſired they will by the Time ſpecified return ſuch, and ſuch Liſt, which will enable him to make more agreeable Propoſals to the Creditors.

(w2) ALEXANDER CUMMING.

N. B. The Accounts in his Abſence to be left with Mr. *Charles Wallace*.

Kingsbury-Furnace, February 8, 1770.

WHEREAS *Robert Long*, of *Baltimore* County, by his Advertiſement in the *Maryland* Gazette of the 1ſt. Inſtant, after reciting an Advertiſement of mine of the 30th of *November* laſt, and ſetting forth how he came poſſeſſed of a Tract of Land called *Sheredine's-Bottom*, ſays he has ſold Fifty Acres of the ſame, to a certain *David Mumma*, and adviſes me in any future Matter, I may put in Print to confine myſelf to Truth. In order to oblige Mr. *Long*, (or rather to prevent his impoſing on Mr. *David Mumma*, or any other Perſon by the Sale of ſaid Land) I ſhall therefore inform that he has ſold that, that is not his Property, and that the ſaid Tract of Land, called *Sheredine's-Bottom*, is incloſed within the Lines of an elder Survey belonging to the *Principio* Company, except about Seven Acres and Three Quarters, as have been reported to me by a Perſon who was employed to ſurvey and lay off the ſame.——I would adviſe Mr. *Long*, for the Future, when he makes ſale of Land, to be candid, and not to make the beſt of a bad Bargain as he terms it.

FRANCIS PHILLIPS.

Fells-Point, February 5, 1770.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given, that the Subſcriber has got *Thomas Sligh*'s Bond of Perfomance, for making over and conveying the following Tracts or Parcels of Land, lying in *Baltimore* County, *viz.* all that Tract or Parcel of Land, known by the Name of *Find-me-out*, about 30 Acres agreeable to the Original Grant thereof, and alſo that Piece or Parcel of Land, being Part of *Mountany's Neck*, as was laid out by Mr. *Nicholas Ruxton Gay*, for a certain *Joſeph Smith*, containing about 8 Acres. And whereas he the ſaid *Thomas Sligh* hath not complied with the Tenor of the ſaid Bond, this Notice is given, to prevent any other Purchaſe of the ſaid Parcels of Land, as the Subſcriber has complied with his Part of the Contract, and will contend for the Title.

(w4) JOHN BOND.

London-Town, February 6, 1770.

MADE her Eſcape on the 31ſt. of *January*, between *Annapolis* and *South-River* Ferry, a Country born Negro Wench, named SUE, ſhe was taken out of Priſon by *Benjamin Skinner*.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Negro, and brings her to me at *London-Town*, ſhall have a Reward of Twenty Shillings Current Money, and if taken out of the County, Thirty Shillings, and reaſonable Charges paid by PRINDOWELL ALLEN.

February 4, 1770.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED or STOLEN from *Fells Point*, on Saturday the 23d. of *December* laſt, a large ſorrel HORSE, 15 Hands high, has a flaxen Main and Tail, his Main hangs on the Right Side, except a ſmall Lock about the Middle of his Neck, he was newly ſhod behind, his fore Shoes were looſe, and perhaps may be loſt, he hangs his Ears a little. He did belong to one *James Kelley* a Pedler, and carried a Pack in *November* laſt.

Whoever will ſecure the Thief and Horſe, if ſtole, ſhall have the above Reward, and for the Horſe only, Five Dollars paid by

(w3) JOHN BOND.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Baſil Waring*, 3d. in *Prince-George's* County, Three Stray EWES, viz. 2 black and 1 white; the blacks are mark'd with a Swallow Fork, and an Under Bit in each Ear; the white with an Over Bit in the Right, and an Under Bit in the Left.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Samuel Thomas*, near the Lower Ferry on *Suſquehanna*, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall yellow bay HORSE, about 12 Hands high, has a ſmall Mark in his off Ear.

The Owner may have him again, on proving Property and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Hezekiah Reeves*, living near *Bryan-Town*, *Charles* County, Two Stray COWS, *viz.* one red with ſome white Spots, mark'd on the right Ear with a Swallow Fork, the left Ear cropt with an Under and Over Bit: The other of a reddiſh Colour, with a white Face, has both Ears mark'd with a Swallow Fork, and an Under Bit on the Left Ear.

The Owner or Owners may have them again, on proving Property and paying Charges.

N. B. The above Strays have been on the Plantation about Five or Six Years, and have had Calves.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

Dorcheſter County, *January* 1770.

BROKE Jail the following Perſons, *viz.* THOMAS DILLING, alias EDWARD MURRAY, (by which Name he was committed for Felony:) He is a ſlender Fellow, about 5 Feet 9 or 10 Inches high, and has a thin Countenance: Had on when he went away, an old Fuſtian Coat, Shirt and Trouſers, neither Shoes nor Stockings, and ſays he was born in *St. Mary's* County. EDWARD HARMON, a ſhort thick made Fellow, and wears his own Hair: Had on an old gray Cloth Coat and Breeches, old Shoes and Stockings, and had a Sore on his left Arm. CHARLES CORNISH, a Free Mulatto, (tho' at this Time under an Indenture to a certain *William Dail*) he is a ſtout well made Fellow, is much addicted to Liquor, and drunk or ſober is very impertinent, wears his Hair tied behind, and is very talkative.——Whoever ſecures and brings back the aforeſaid Priſoners, ſhall have the above Reward, or Fifty Shillings for each, beſides reaſonable Charges, paid by

ROBERT HARRISON, Sheriff.

Maryland, February 3, 1770.

RAN away on the 29th of laſt Month, a certain MORRIS RAGON, by Trade a Cooper, about 5 Feet 8 or 10 Inches high, and of a fair Complexion: Had on when he went away, a new Caſtor Hat, Claret colour'd Coat, red Frize Jacket, Buckſkin Breeches, Two Pair of Hoſe, one of which was blue ribb'd. He is ſuppoſed to have ſtole a ſmall black Horſe about 12 or 13 Hands high, ſhort Tail and Mane, one of his hind Feet white, ſhod before, and branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock (I). Whoever ſecures the ſaid *Morris Ragon* and Horſe, ſo as he may be brought to Juſtice, ſhall have a Reward of Five Pounds, or Forty Shillings for the Horſe, paid by the Subſcriber, living near *Baltimore-Town*.

JOHN CONDON.

Baltimore, January 30, 1770.

COMMITTED to my Cuſtody as Runaway Servants the following Perſons, *viz.* WILLIAM SANDFORD, a Lad of about 20 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, ſmooth Face, with dark brown Hair. THOMAS BURRELL, a *Welſhman*, and ſays he is Father-in-Law to the above Lad, a well ſet Man, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, has dark brown Hair, wears a Matchcoat Blanket Coat, with a blue Inſide Jacket, and has a Sort of muſical Harp with him. The above Two were taken up together, and ſay they came from *North-Caſtle*, *Weſt-Cheſter* County, in *New-York* Government, and work'd as Labourers for *Benjamin Kipp*, Eſq; a Magiſtrate in that County. JOHN M'FALL, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, ſuppoſed to be 25 Years of Age, and has black Hair that curls naturally: Has on a gray Bearſkin double-breaſted Jacket and Breeches of the ſame. JANE BURNEY, an *Engliſhwoman*, who ſays ſhe is a Servant to *Thomas Gibbons*; ſhe ſeems about 35 Years of Age, and is in a moſt ragged Condition.

Any Perſon having a proper Claim to any of the above Servants, are deſired to fetch them away, or they will ſold out to pay their Fees, by

(4w) DANIEL CHAMIER, Sheriff.

January 12, 1770.

RAN away laſt Night from *Piſcataway*, a white Servant Boy, named JAMES TAYLOR, belonging to the Rev. Mr. *Beachet*, of *Virginia*. He is about 16 Years of Age, pretty luſty, has ſhort light colour'd Hair, and is of a ruddy Complexion: Had on and took with him when he went away, a black Velvet Cap, blue Duffil Great-Coat, Drab Frize Coat, with Cape and Sleeves, with plain Silver Buttons, plain blue Broadcloth Waiſtcoat, with a like Button, Leather Breeches, and Boots and Shoes. Whoever apprehends the ſaid Servant, and brings him to his Maſter, ſhall be rewarded for his Trouble.

JOHN BAYNES.

WHEREAS there is an Act of Aſſembly, enabling the Veſtrymen and Church-Wardens of *Chriſt Church* Pariſh, in *Calvert* County, to build a new Church; therefore all thoſe who are willing to contract for the ſame, are deſired to bring in Plans on the 8th Day of *March* next, if fair; if not, the next fair Day; when they propoſe to meet at their Veſtry-Houſe, to agree for the building of ſaid Church.

It is imagined that 60 Feet by 40 Feet in the Clear, with Galleries, will be ſufficient.

Signed per Order,

(w5) JOHN TURNER, Regiſter.

January 31, 1770.

JUST ARRIVED, *from* LONDON,

THE Snow *Friendly Adventure*, Captain *William Snow*, with One Hundred and Eight Free-Willers, or Redemptioners, Men and Women, and Eight Indented Servants. Amongſt the Redemptioners, there are Seven Shoemakers, Four Weavers, Three Sawyers, One Brickmaker, Five Farmers, Two Bakers, Six Tailors, Ten Carpenters and Joiners, Two Barbers and Perukemakers, One Stone-Maſon, Three Bricklayers, One Plaiſterer, a Silverſmith, a Gunſmith, a Gun-Stockmaker, and ſeveral other uſeful Tradeſmen. Amongſt the Indented Servants, are Two Carpenters, a Tailor, a Shoemaker, &c.

The Redemptioners, beſides paying for ſome neceſſaries furniſhed them, are ſubject to the Payment of Ten Pounds Sterling, for their Paſſage, which is to be paid, or ſecured to be paid, to the Subſcribers, in Bills of Exchange, or current Money, at the Rate of Four Shillings and Sixpence Sterling *per* Dollar, before they leave the Veſſel. Their Times are now diſpoſing of, on board ſaid Snow, lying at *Annapolis*, where ſhe will continue for Ten Days from this Date.

JAMES DICK & STEWART.

TO THE

PUBLIC.

THE Want of a proper SCHOOL for the Inſtruction of Youth, ſeverely felt by the Inhabitants of *Frederick* County, induces them to ſubmit the following SCHEME of a LOTTERY to the Conſideration of the Benevolent and Generous, which it is earneſtly hoped will meet the Approbation and Encouragement of all thoſe who wiſh to ſee Science flouriſh in every Part of *Maryland*.

The Funds appropriated by Act of Aſſembly to the Public School in *Frederick* County, being inſufficient to erect the neceſſary Buildings, it is propoſed by this Lottery, to raiſe Nine Hundred Dollars, to aid that Deficiency.

To conſiſt of Three Thouſand TICKETS, *at Two Dollars each; Eight Hundred and Fifty-two of which will be fortunate, without any Deduction*, viz.

	1 Prize of	250	Dollars, is	250	Dollars.
1	- -	200	- - -	200	
2	- -	125	- - -	250	
2	- -	100	- - -	200	
6	- -	50	- - -	300	
8	- -	25	- - -	200	
12	- -	15	- - -	180	
40	- -	10	- - -	400	
780	- -	4	- - -	3120	
				900	Sm'rais'd.
Prizes, 852					
Blanks, 2148					
3000 Tickets, 2 Dollars each,				6000	Dollars.

By the above SCHEME, there are a little more than Two Blanks and an Half to a Prize, and the Profits retained, are Fifteen *per Cent.* on the whole.

When the Tickets are diſpoſed of, the Drawing is to begin (previous Notice of which to be given in the MARYLAND GAZETTE) in the Court-Houſe of the ſaid County, in Preſence of Six of the Managers at leaſt, and as many of the Adventurers as ſhall think proper to attend.

The Managers are, Meſſieurs *Jonathan Wilſon*, *Thomas Bowles*, *George Murdock*, *Joſeph Wood*, *Thomas Price*, *Caſpar Shaaf*, *Charles Beatty*, *Samuel Beall*, jun. *Normand Bruce*, *Andrew Heugh*, *Eneas Campbell*, *Chriſtopher Edelin*, *John Cary*, *Lodowick Weltner*, *Peter Groſh*, *Thomas Neill*, *Nicholas Tice*, *Samuel Hughes*, *Thomas Johns*, and *James Brand*, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath for the faithful Diſcharge of their Truſt.

A Liſt of the Prizes to be publiſhed in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, as ſoon as the Drawing is finiſhed, and the Prizes to be paid off, without any Deduction.

N. B. Any Money paſſing current in the Province, to be received in the Sale of the Tickets, and the ſame to be accepted in Payment of the Prizes drawn by the fortunate Adventurers.

WHEREAS *Francis Philips*, of *Kingſbury* Furnace, in *Baltimore* County, by his Advertiſement in the *Maryland* Gazette, dated the 30th of *November* laſt paſt, mentions that I have offered for Sale, a Tract of Land, called *Sheredine's Bottom*, in which he ſays, to prevent an Impoſition on others, and trouble to himſelf, he takes Leave to inform, that much the greater Part of ſaid Land is included within the Lines of an elder Survey, made by the *Principio* Company, the Truth of which Matter any Perſon may be ſatisfied by applying to him. The Tract of Land called *Sheredine's Bottom*, contains One Hundred and Fifty Acres, and was conveyed to me from *James Cary*, under a Deed, with a General Warrantee from *Thomas Sheredine*, on which I have made a Re-ſurvey, and added a Quantity of vacant Land thereunto adjoining. Fifty Acres, Part of the original Tract, or ſuch of the Vacancy added, I have ſold to a certain *David Mumma*, of *Lancaſter* County; which Quantity, and more, I am adviſed, by good Council, is clearly my Property; and as for the Remaining Part I have never offered for Sale to any Perſon, nor do I intend to diſpoſe of it; and would adviſe Mr. *Philips* to confine himſelf to Truth in any future Matter he may put in Print, as it is falſe as he aſſerts that I offered the Tract for Sale; and alſo, that *Sheredine's Bottom*, or the greater Part of it is included within the Lines of an elder Survey, made by the *Principio* Company, as no Survey was made by that Company for many Years after the Date of the Grant for *Sheredine's Bottom*.

ROBERT LONG.

January 2, 1770.

To be Sold by the Subscriber, living near the Sugar-Loaf *Mountain, in* Frederick *County,*

A Tract of Land, containing about Six Hundred Acres, with several Houses thereon; also, all Kind of Fruit, such as Apples, Peaches, Cherries, and Pear Trees: There is near Thirty Acres of it clear'd, 'tis under a good Fence, and at One End thereof, there is an excellent Still-House, situate in such a Manner as always to have plenty of Water to supply the Stills, without having the Trouble of making Use of a Pump, or going out of the House for Water: He has also Two Stills in said House, which he will either sell or rent as they can agree. The Land is healthy and pleasantly situated, lying within Twelve Miles of *Frederick-Town*, and has plenty of Timber thereon. The Land is well adapted to planting or farming Business, together with it's being contiguous to a large and an extensive Range, which will always be the Case, makes it vastly Valuable. Any Person or Persons, inclinable to purchase, may apply to

(w6) LEONARD WAYMAN.

Annapolis, January 3, 1770.

THE General Assembly having been pleased to grant to the Value of 7500 l. Sterling, for building a State-House, in *Annapolis*, with good and convenient Rooms for the Upper and Lower Houses of Assembly, and for holding the Provincial Court, separate from each other, Two convenient Rooms for the Use of Jurors attending the Provincial Court, and Four convenient Rooms for the Use of Committees of the Lower House of Assembly, and also good, convenient, safe, and secure Rooms for Offices and Repositories of the Records of the Upper and Lower Houses of Assembly, High Court of Chancery, High Court of Appeals, Provincial Court, Prerogative Court, and Land Office; and for enlarging, repairing, and enclosing the Parade, not exceeding its present Length of 245 Feet, and 160 in Breadth, designed to be enclosed with Stone or Brick Wall, and Iron Palisadoes, if the Iron Inclosure should not exceed 500 l. Sterling, and to be laid with Flag, or other Stone or Gravel.

The Superintendants appointed by the Act, being greatly desirous of laying out the Money the most to the Honour and Approbation of the Public, request any who please to be at the Trouble of forming Plans and Estimates, and of communicating them to the Superintendants by the Seventeenth Day of April next.——It is expected the Building will not exceed 150 Feet in Length, or 100 Feet in Breadth, and the Expences of Brick and Stone are desired to be estimated.

A Person will be wanted to overlook the Execution of the Plan; such as are qualified are desired to apply by that Time, and those who are willing to furnish Materials, may attend the Superintendants at *Annapolis*, the first Day of *May* next.

Annapolis, December 6, 1769.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Frederick, *Captain* Nicholson, *and to be sold by* Thomas Gassaway, *jun. or the Subscriber,*

A CARGO of *European* and *East-India* GOODS, divided into Assortments of different Values, from 700 *l.* and upwards, to 1300 *l.* and upwards. The same will be sold at a moderate Advance, for ready Cash, Bills of Exchange, or short Credit; the Purchaser, in the latter Way, giving Bond, with good Security, if required. LEGH MASTER.

*** The Committee of Merchants of this City, having fully considered all the Papers, and Evidence relative to this Affair, and being quite satisfied, that in the Purchase and Importation of those Goods, nothing has been done contrary to the true Spirit and Intention of the Articles of Association of this Province, unanimously consented to their being landed, and disposed of in such Manner as I should think proper. *L. M.*

A PARCEL of choice Drugs and genuine Patent MEDICINES, just come to Hand, are to be sold on the lowest Terms, by William Wilkins, at *Annapolis*, for Account of Dr. John Sparhawk, of *Philadelphia, viz. Turlinton*'s Balsam, *Walker*'s Jesuits Drops, an infallible Cure for the Venereal Disease, all Weaknesses of the Reins in both Sexes, however obstinate, and from whatever Cause proceeding, likewise for the Stone, Gravel, and all scorbutic Cases—Balsam of Honey for Consumptions, Colds, and all Complaints of the Breast; Elixir Bardana, for the Rhematism and Gout; *British* Tooth-Powder, which preserves the Teeth from decaying, renders them white as Ivory, and the Breath perfectly agreeable; *Anderson*'s Pills, I. I. and C. D. highly esteemed for purging away all vicious Humours, restoring a good Appetite, and sound Digestion; *British* Oil; *Daffy*'s Elixir; Sugar Plumbs, a certain Cure for Worms of all Kinds, in Men, Women, and Children; Dr. *James*'s Fever Powders; Dr. *Hill*'s Essence for sore Eyes, a sure Remedy, greatly strengthens and preserves the Sight; *Bateman*'s Drops; *Godfrey*'s Cordial; *King*'s Honey Water; *Locker*'s Pills; Court Plaister; Oil Turpentine; Nipple Glasses; Emeticks; Purges; Rhubarb; Powder of Jesuits Bark; Isinglass; Sago; Manna; Salts; Spermaceti, *&c.* (3m)

December 30, 1769.

WANTED,

A MASTER for *Charles* County Free-School. Any Person qualified, and comes well recommended, may enter immediately, as the said School is now vacant.

WALTER HANSON,
THO. CONTEE,
SAM. HANSON,
JA. CRAIK,
} Visitors.

(4w)

WILLIAM WHETCROFT,

Goldsmith *and* Jeweller *in* West-Street, Annapolis.

HAVING purchased the Servants lately belonging to Mr. *Knapp* with all the Materials for carrying on the Watch and Clock-making Businesses hereby informs the Public, that he Repairs all sorts of Clocks and Watches, in the best and most approved Manner; and as he has a complete Apparatus for cutting Wheels with more Expedition and Exactness than usual, they may depend on having their Work done in the most careful Manner, and on better Terms than heretofore.

He also carries on the Goldsmiths and Jewellers Businesses in the most extensive Manner, as he has imported a great Variety of Materials, and has extreme good Workmen for the executing the above Branches. Those Ladies and Gentlemen who please to favour him with their Custom, may depend that the utmost Exertion of his Abilities to merit their Esteem, shall be his whole Study and greatest Ambition.

N. B. He has a great Variety of ready made Work by him, which he will Sell at the most reasonable Rates.

*** He gives the best Prices for old Gold, Silver and Silver-Lace. (tf)

June 25, 1769.

THE Fulling-Mill at the Mouth of *Patuxent* River, is now provided with a good Fuller, and ready for Work; such as fulling, dying and pressing all Sorts of Clothes and Worsted Stuffs, scarlet and blue excepted, unless dyed before sent to the Mill.—As the insupportable Inconvenience attending the Collection of a Number of small Debts, from various distant Parts of the Country, must be obvious to every one; and as this expensive Undertaking was begun and prosecuted, principally to encourage the Manufacture of Woollen Country-Cloth, at a Time when the oppressive Measures, lately adopted and pursued by the Mother-Country, render it indispensably necessary, for our own Well-being, that every Individual shou'd manufacture as much as in his Power lies.—It is hoped that no Offence will be given if the Proprietors desire the Money for fulling, &c. to be sent by the Person who is to receive the Cloth, as it is absolutely necessary to support the Work.——All Persons who will favour me with their Cloth, may depend on having it finished off in the best Manner, and with all possible Dispatch; and to prevent Mistakes the Owner of every Piece of Cloth, is requested to put the initial Letters of his or her Name in the Web.

(tf) WILLIAM SCOTT.

RUN away from on board the Snow *Friendly Adventure*, whereof I am Commander, and now lying at *Annapolis*, the following Persons, who came Passengers in said Snow, liable to a certain Redemption, as specified in their several Agreements, *viz. John Goodwin, Edward Murphy, Edward Loney, James M'Carty*, and *William Nineis*: They are gone towards *Baltimore*, and pretend that they have complied with their Engagements to me, which not being the Case, they are still answerable for the same; and, I'm informed, by the Laws of this Province, may be taken and secured, as if they were Indented Servants, until they comply with their Engagements. I therefore promise a Reward of Twenty Shillings Currency for each of the abovementioned Persons, besides what the Law allows, to have them, or any of them secured in any public Jail in *Maryland*, or brought to me at *Annapolis*, where the Reward will be paid by Messieurs *James Dick* and *Stewart*; or, if secured in any Jail, and the abovementioned Gentlemen being acquainted therewith, the Reward will be duely paid. WILLIAM SNOW.

John Goodwin, about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, a brown Complexion, wears his own Hair, and wore a white Jacket and Trousers.

Edward Murphy, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, a dark Complexion, wears a brown Coat and Waistcoat, a Native of *Ireland*.

Edward Loney, about 5 Feet 7 and an Half Inches high, a dark Complexion, wore a white Coat turned up with blue.

James M'Carty, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, a brown Complexion, wore a blue Coat and red Waistcoat, a Native of *Ireland*.

William Nineis, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, wore a brown Coat and Waistcoat, and a Wig, a Native of *England*.

George-Town, Frederick County, *Maryland.*

FOR the disposing of Three Thousand One Hundred and Eighty Acres of LAND, all lying in *Frederick* and *Prince-George*'s Counties, (except One Hundred and Eighty-four Acres, lying in *Hampshire* County, *Virginia*) the following Scheme of a LOTTERY is offered to the PUBLIC, in Hopes it will meet with Encouragement; the Scheme being calculated, as much as possible, in Favour of the Adventurers, their being not quite Two and an Half Blanks to a Prize, and the several Parcels of Land rated at their real Value, *viz.*

	Acres.		Dollars.
New-Holland,	430		1000
Hit the Mark,	295½		600
Part of Conclusion,	204	N°. 15.	400
Friendship,	200		450
Part of Conclusion,	191	N°. 7.	400
Part of Conclusion,	148½	N°. 9.	400
Part of Conclusion,	165	N°. 8.	300
Part of Conclusion,	121	N°. 10.	350
Part of Conclusion,	150	N°. 6.	300
Part of Conclusion,	118¼	N°. 16.	256
Suspence,	156		250
Chew's *Folly*,	93		200
Part of Miller's *Beginning*,	100	N°. 1.	200
Part of ditto,	93	N°. 2.	200
One Tract in Virginia,	184		184
Part of Conclusion,	75	N°. 12, 13.	150
Mexico,	92		150
Peru,	87		150
Below Furtaile Meadow,	56		150
Eilbow,	66		150
Part of Conclusion,	63		120
Town-Creek,	52		86
Walnut Level,	52		86
Hard Bargain,	48		74
24 Prizes,	3180¾		6600
500 Prizes, at 6 Dollars,			3000
524			9600
1276 Blanks.			
1800 Tickets, at 40 *s.* each,			9600

When the Tickets are disposed of, the Drawing will begin, (previous Notice of which to be given in the *Maryland* Gazette) in *George-Town*, in presence of Six of the Managers, (who are to act on Oath) and as many of the Adventurers as shall think proper to attend.

The Managers are, Messieurs *Robert Peter, John Murdock, Adam Stewart, Zephaniah Turner, Thomas Johns, Thomas Richardson*, and *Edward Parkinson*, in *George-Town*; *Richard Henderson*, and *Andrew Leith*, in *Bladensburgh*; *John Hepburn*, Junior, *Upper-Marlborough*; *James Brown*, and *Thomas Claggett*, *Piscataway*; *Thomas Contee*, *Port-Tobacco*; *George Fraxer Hawkins*, *Prince-George*'s County; *Barnard O'Neil*, *St. Mary*'s County; *Feilder Bowie*, at *Nottingham*; *Thomas Duckett*, at *Queen-Anne*; *Charles Beatty*, *Frederick-Town*; and, *James Harris*, *Baltimore-Town*.

A List of the Prizes to be published in the *Maryland* Gazette, as soon as the Drawing is finished. Proper Deeds will be given for the several Parcels of Land, to the fortunate Adventurers, by *Daniel Stephenson*, *James Miller*, and *William Deakins*, Junior, and the Cash Prizes paid off, without any Deduction.

*** There being Vacancy adjoining several of the small Tracts of Land, the fortunate Adventurers may add thereto by Warrants of Resurvey.

January 6, 1770.

To all Seafaring GENTLEMEN.

RICHARD BLAKE, Captain of a SLOOP bound to the *West-India* Islands, left *Patowmack* River, Three Years next *August*; and there being various Reports, that he is yet alive, and under Confinement at the Bay of *Honduras*, in *Hispaniola*, or on some Part of the *Spanish* Main, and could have been ransomed for Twenty-five Pounds: We the Subscribers do certify, that he has an Estate of his own worth some Hundreds of Pounds, in *Calvert* County, in *Maryland*; therefore his own Obligation is sufficient Surety to any Gentleman that will be good enough to make Enquiry for him, and procure his Enlargement, should he be in Confinement: We do also beg of all Seafaring Gentlemen, to enquire in all their Travels, and if they can hear any Thing of the said Capt. Richard Blake, or of *John Wilkinson*, his Mate, to be either alive, or dead, to give Intelligence, by a Letter, to Mr. *Charles Graham*, at *Lower-Marlborough*, on *Patuxent* River, in *Maryland*, and the Favour will be acknowledged, by

THOMAS BLAKE,
JOSEPH BLAKE,
WILLIAM DARE.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE and WILLIAM GREEN, at the Printing-Office: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 *s.* 6 *d.* a Year; Advertisements, of a moderate Length, are inserted the First Time, for 5 *s.* and 1 *s.* for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.——At same Place may be had, ready Printed, most kinds of Blanks, *viz.* Common and Bail Bonds; Testamentary Letters of several Sorts, with their proper Bonds annexed; Bills of Exchange; Shipping-Bills, *&c. &c.* All Manner of Printing-Work performed in the neatest and most expeditious Manner, on applying as above.